

INTERIM REPORT THIRD QUARTER 2022

Berlin, 16 November 2022

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LETTER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Shareholders,

In the current financial year 2022, we will continue to work intensively on our mission to establish our **VIS.X®** trading platform as the technology platform for high-impact digital advertising.

As a result, all key performance indicators of our activities, regardless of whether they are of a business or platform-related nature, have increased.

The unique selling point of the VIS.X® platform is the trading of non-standardized high-impact advertising formats.

This enables YOC to distinguish itself from other competitors' platforms in the marketplace.

In parallel, the digital advertising market has become the world's most important channel for advertising – and has experienced a major transformation: Automated trading of digital advertising inventory is now widely used, so that the majority of digital advertising budgets are now traded in real time – programmatically.

This is particularly true in the area of mobile advertising expenditures for display advertising – in this segment, around 70 % of all spendings are already traded automatically.

In this light, our powerful supply side platform (SSP) VIS.X® is becoming an increasingly attractive marketplace for website operators as well as advertisers, taking into account the needs of Internet users on a sustainable basis:

- By using VIS.X® and YOC's attentiongrabbing advertising products, our advertising customers are given the opportunity to increase awareness of their brand or products in conjunction with high-quality advertising inventory;
- Internet users receive relevant, interesting advertising messages without being disturbed in their reading flow;
- Our partners on the supply side, renowned providers of premium media content (premium publishers) offer a global media reach in the form of internet portals as well as mobile applications and benefit from the high monetization through VIS.X®.

In the first nine months of financial year 2022, YOC Group increased its **revenues** by around 29 % to EUR 15.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 11.7 million).

Parallel to this development operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) improved by EUR 0.6 million and thus amounted to EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

As a result, we are pleased to report a **consolidated net profit** for the period of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0,5 million). In the previous year, the deconsolidation of YOC Spain S.L. made a positive contribution of EUR 0.2 million to the consolidated net profit for the period. Adjusted for this effect, we were able to further increase **profitability** also in the current financial year 2022.

As a consequence of this development, **Group's equity** is now positive and amounts to EUR 0.15 million as of 30 September 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR -0.6 million).

With the acquisition of Zurich-based theINDUSTRY AG in January 2022, we succeed in expanding our international presence and now complete the DACH (Germany, Austria and Switzerland) region. The market entry into Switzerland is the next logical step after we have successfully established our technology platform VIS.X® in our core markets. With VIS.X®, we will enable Swiss media companies and digital content providers to increase monetization.

Dear shareholders, the VIS.X® platform and YOC's own advertising products form the basis for differentiating YOC's offering in the international market for digital advertising technology. As a result, we are consistently investing in the further development of our platform and our products. The objective here is to continuously improve the software so that our partners are offered a comprehensive, efficient and innovative way to trade highly effective advertising products in combination with the best advertising media inventories in an automated manner. Increasing investment in innovation helps us to effectively expand our competitive position and lays the foundation for further increasing the value of our Company.

In addition, we are evaluating further markets for the internationalization of our activities.

I would like to thank you very much for the trust you have placed in us and look forward to continuing to work with you. May you and your families remain healthy!

Dish H lanny

Best Regards,

Dirk-Hilmar Kraus

CEO

YOC AT A GLANCE

REVENUE AND EARNINGS (IN KEUR)

Total revenue
National
International
Gross profit margin (in %)
Total output
EBITDA
EBITDA margin (in %)
Consolidated net profit
Earnings per share (diluted in EUR)
Earnings per share (non-diluted in EUR)

9M/2022	9M/2021	CHANGE In Total	CHANGE In %
15.015	11.668	3.347	29
8.561	6.792	1.769	26
6.454	4.876	1.578	32
44,8	41,7	3,1	7
15.950	12.429	3.521	28
1.821	1.169	652	56
11,4	9,4	2,0	21
775	533	242	45
0,22	0,15	0,07	47
0,22	0,15	0,07	47

EMPLOYEES

Average number of employees ¹⁾
Number of employees at 30th September ¹⁾
Total revenue per employee (in kEUR)
Total output per employee (in kEUR)

63	57	6	11
71	60	11	18
238	205	33	16
253	218	35	16

FINANCIAL POSITION AND CASH-FLOW (IN KEUR)

Total assets
Cash flow from operating activities

8.930	9.944 ²⁾	-1.014	-10
735	473	262	55

When using rounded amounts and key figures, differences may occur due to commercial rounding.

- 1) Employees converted to full-time equivalents, excluding trainees, interns and Executive Board members
- 2) as of 31 December 2021

BUSINESS MODEL AND TECHNOLOGY

BUSINESS MODEL

A BETTER ADVERTISING EXPERIENCE FOR EVERYONE

In recent years the digital advertising market has grown to become the world's most important channel for advertising.

At the same time, it has undergone a major transformation: automated trading of digital advertising inventory is now widely adopted, with the majority of digital advertising budgets being traded in real time – programmatically.

As one of the first mobile advertising companies, YOC used its 20 years of expertise to introduce the powerful VIS.X® platform to the market.

By providing this proprietary trading platform, YOC enables an optimal advertising experience for advertisers, media providers (publishers) and users of the internet and mobile applications.

The Company positions itself as a developer of high-performance software in the market for advertising technology and optimally serves the needs of the parties involved with **VIS.X®**:

- Advertisers are given the opportunity to increase awareness of their brand or products in combination with high-quality advertising inventory by using VIS.X® and YOC highimpact advertising formats,
- Mobile internet users receive relevant, interesting advertising messages without being disturbed in their reading flow,
- Partners on the supply side, renowned providers of premium media content (premium publishers) offer a global media reach in the form of internet portals as well as mobile applications and benefit from the high monetization of the VIS.X® platform.

Unlike any previous platform in the market, the VIS.X® platform has been specifically designed to deliver innovative and particularly high-impact advertising at scale.

As a result, the Company has secured a competitive position in the advertising technology market.

YOC benefits sustainably from the global shift from traditional to digital advertising spendings while ensuring that all involved parties – advertisers, publishers and users of the internet or mobile applications – receive an ideal advertising experience that fits their needs.

INVESTING IN INNOVATION

The VIS.X® platform and YOC's proprietary advertising formats differentiate YOC's offering in the international digital advertising technology market.

To sustain this advantage, the Company consistently invests in the further development of its platform and products.

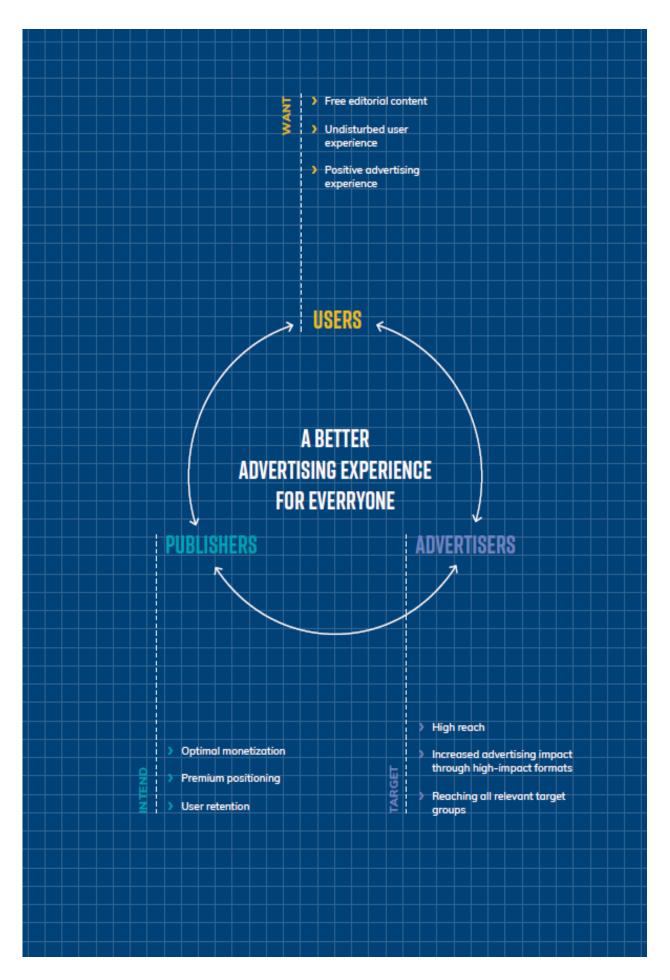
Thereby the Company aims at continuously improving its software so that partners are offered a comprehensive, efficient and innovative way to trade highly effective advertising media in combination with the best advertising inventory in an automated manner.

As a result, the Company is expanding its competitive position effectively.

Recent examples of the success of this strategy are the expansion of functionality for automated trading of desktop inventory as well as the introduction of new advertising product lines for desktop devices.

This underpins the flexibility and scalability of the platform and enables further growth in new environments for the Company.

YOC Group will continue to pursue its strategic mission of providing a better advertising experience for everyone with the VIS.X® platform and will continuously invest in the development and enhancement of its offering as well as in further innovations.



TECHNOLOGY

VIS.X® PLATFORM

With the market launch of the Supply Side Platform (SSP) VIS.X® at the beginning of 2018, YOC established itself as a provider of high-quality advertising technology (ad technology) and operator of a scalable trading platform. While the feature set reached a key level in 2020, both trading volume and available inventory in the platform increased significantly in 2021.

As a full-stack platform, VIS.X® manages three important variants of trading of digital advertising inventory: fully automated trading in the Open Market, advanced trading in the Private Market-place and, since 2020, guaranteed trading in direct trading via its own technology. The platform always achieves the best result for the supply, demand and the users by combining all available advertising formats within the auctioning process and including the demand of all market participants.

The unique selling point of the VIS.X® platform is the trading of non-standardized, high-impact advertising formats. This is what enables YOC's proprietary high-impact advertising formats to be accessible and tradable in programmatic trading.

In addition, the platform was provided with further technical features that clearly differentiate the platform and contribute to its success and scaling:

UNIVERSAL AD UNIT

The concept of the Universal Ad Unit makes it possible to offer all available advertising formats on any placement within a website or within a mobile application.

Thanks to this technology, the VIS.X® platform selects the ideal ad format in real time by evaluating the profitability and benefit for the appropriate advertising campaign.

Universal ad units offer both, general-purpose standard formats as well as YOC's high-impact ad formats for maximum user experience and cost-effectiveness.

ADVANCED PRICING MODELS

The VIS.X® platform provides maximum flexibility for advertising clients in choosing the right pricing model when trading media. In addition to the common Cost Per Mille (CPM) and purchasing via a Cost Per Click (CPC) model, advanced pricing models can be selected on the platform.

These include viewable CPM (vCPM), in which advertising delivery is only billed if the ad is actually seen by the user. For video advertising, purchasing can also be optimized for fully viewed videos as part of a Cost Per Completed View model (CPCV).

MODERN MACHINE LEARNING

In each auction of an ad slot on the VIS.X® platform, a machine learning model is applied that can predict the probabilities of viewability, clicks, and potential view-through.

This model learns independently based on ongoing data analysis and thus continuously optimizes quality and reliability of the buying algorithm.

The obtained predictions are incorporated in real time and modulate the probabilities and prices of an ad delivery accordingly.

FRAUD PROTECTION

All advertising formats traded on the platform are subject to manual and automated security checks.

Within the fully automated trading environment, inappropriate or illegal advertisements are blocked automatically.

In addition, the Fraud Protection Algorithm identifies ads that could run malicious programs on users' end devices and removes them before they are displayed. This ensures user safety and a consistently high quality of ads for publishers.

TRADING IN THE OPEN MARKET PLACE (OMP)

The Open Market Place represents a free, worldwide trading place where advertising inventory can be traded in large quantities among many participants in an extremely scalable manner.

The VIS.X® platform combines the supply and demand side in an auction and selects the highest bidder.

The offer of **VIS.X®** differentiates itself on one hand with a very high quality of advertising inventory and on the other hand with full transparency.

This creates a secure trading environment for buyers and sellers and at the same time enables them to make a targeted selection of advertising inventory.

TRADING IN THE PRIVATE MARKETPLACE (PMP)

Trading in the Private Marketplace allows buyers of advertising inventory to access YOC high-impact advertising formats via the **VIS.X®** platform.

Various additional trading criteria can be defined and set for trading in the form of deals, allowing buying market participants to acquire exactly the advertising inventory that fits the advertisers' goals.

Unlike in the Open Market, buyers in private trading receive a preferred access to the offered inventory.

DIRECT TRADE

In 2020, the VIS.X® platform was enhanced with the possibility of direct trading. In addition to providing all the features available in Private Marketplaces, exclusive trading allows buyers to purchase a volume guarantee for a specific campaign.

This allows various campaign targets, especially for branding advertising, to be managed even more effectively.

MOBILE WEB AND IN-APP

In a first step, the VIS.X® platform was optimized specifically for trading advertising inventory on the mobile internet – the fastest-growing platform among digital media.

Thus, the platform is able to serve the most important channel for internet users and to efficiently trade advertising spaces either in combination with or without YOC's high-impact advertising formats.

The use of YOC's own advertising formats has a special added value in this channel due to the usage type and screen size.

Advertisers reach the potential customer with their message and achieve extraordinary attention without disturbing the users in their actual reading flow. The positive perception of users of advertising formats developed by YOC ultimately leads to increased acceptance and impact of the advertising message compared to normal forms of advertising.

In 2020, this offering was also made available in the in-app environment with the launch of the VIS.X® Software Development Kit (SDK). It enables mobile app developers to benefit from the value created by the VIS.X® platform, helping them to improve the advertising utilization and revenues of their mobile apps.

The VIS.X® SDK was specifically designed to make YOC's attractive advertising formats displayable and, above all, deliverable within mobile applications while keeping the integration as simple as possible.

DESKTOP ADVERTISING

In the financial year 2021, YOC enabled the VIS.X® platform for trading desktop advertising inventory.

The strategic approach of achieving a demonstrably better advertising impact with high-impact advertising formats can also be implemented on advertising spaces of conventional desktops or tablets. The desktop inventory, which continues to account for a decisive market share in display advertising at just over 50 %, could be

integrated into the platform through further developments in VIS.X® and the release of special new product lines. In 2022, the trading volume from this channel will rise noticeably and further increase the realized revenue in the platform.

MANAGEMENT AND REPORTING SYSTEM

The VIS.X® platform is controlled centrally and offers all the necessary functions to handle and control trading in a granular manner.

This enables a particularly effective work and process flow for users and administrators.

REPORTING SYSTEM

The VIS.X® platform has a versatile and highperformance reporting system, which enables a detailed analysis of trading activities. Historical and daily values can be broken down and analyzed across all channels.

A detailed evaluation on the level of inventory, advertising media, buyers and platforms as well as corresponding graphical representations of the activities provide clarity and decision-making support for the market partners of the VIS.X® platform.

In parallel, trends and changes can be detected quickly and easily by displaying previous trading periods.

This enables YOC's partners to gather their own analysis.

MANAGEMENT OF ADVERTISING INVENTORY

The management interface offers complete management of traded inventory of integrated publishers, their websites or apps, as well as individual ad spaces.

The platform offers granular control options to configure the available ad formats, define price points and determine the trading channels.

These setting variants allow the optimal combination of revenue and user experience to be realized within the framework of trading.

DEAL AND ORDER MANAGEMENT

The core of the VIS.X® platform is the management of all current and new deals within private marketplaces as well as direct advertising campaigns.

The user interface allows the configuration of various targeting options, which define the specific addressing of the desired target group. Depending on the selected pricing model, the platform's integrated algorithm automatically optimizes the ideal quantity and timing.

AUTOMATED BILLING

The system is seamlessly integrated with the Company's ERP system. Orders and delivery data from direct sales and programmatic trading are automatically captured and synchronized with the accounting system.

This enables highly scalable accounting and thus supports the growth of the VIS.X® platform.

HIGH-IMPACT ADVERTISING FORMATS

YOC develops high-impact advertising formats and offers them in six product lines. The Company's vision is to create a better advertising experience for everyone.

Users should only receive relevant and interesting advertising messages when consuming content of the internet and mobile applications, while advertisers achieve better advertising impact through the use of creative advertising formats.

Publishers also benefit from the added value of this technology. Each product line can be flexibly deployed and extended with additional feature configurations.

NIELSEN STUDIES IN 2020 AND 2021

In October 2020, YOC conducted an international study in cooperation with the global data analysis and market research company Nielsen to investigate the impact of YOC's own high-impact advertising formats compared to standard advertising formats.

The study results show that YOC high-impact ad formats are more memorable than standard ad formats and achieve a significant increase in brand and ad recall.

They are also able to differentiate themselves significantly from standard ad formats by showing large uplifts in key advertising characteristics such as attractiveness, noticeability and innovation.

Thus, brands are perceived as more premium and elegant through the use of high-impact advertising formats.

Particularly attention-grabbing advertising formats, such as the YOC Branded Takeover, can even positively influence the purchase decision regarding the advertised products.

In parallel, the study proves that the high-impact advertising formats developed by YOC are positively perceived by consumers. This is expressed by an increase in the likeability of advertising when high-impact formats are used. In this context, 55 % of all respondents even stated they liked high-impact advertising formats.

At the same time, six out of ten respondents expressed that the ads are well integrated into the editorial content of a mobile website or mobile app.

YOC high-impact formats are classified as memorable, perceived as innovative, more frequently recognized immediately and clearly preferred over standardized advertising formats.

Consequently, the mobile audience is not disturbed by these unique ads, but remembers them, nonetheless. This illustrates that by using YOC high-Impact formats, advertisers achieve their campaign objectives more effectively while positively influencing the advertising experience of the user.

The second study carried out with Nielsen in November 2021 analyzed the influence of the frequency of contact with an advertising format on brand awareness. The methodology again compared standard formats with various YOC high-impact formats in a real test environment.

The results of the study show that standard formats require at least two times as many contacts to achieve the same brand recall as the proprietary YOC high-impact formats.

In addition, unaided brand recall is 273 % higher with high-impact formats than with standard advertising media, despite half the number of contacts. This illustrates that brands and their advertising are remembered by consumers due to the strong influence of high-impact formats.

Thus, advertisers can use these findings and, by using YOC high-impact formats, address their target group with high reach and use their campaign budget not only effectively but also more efficiently compared to standard advertising media.

PLANNING FOR IMPACT

OPTIMISING BRAND AWARENESS BY RETHINKING AD FORMATS AND CONTACT FREQUENCY



BRAND RECALL------

----- AD RECALL

† 273%

Through the use of high-impact formats, advertising recall increases significantly faster

High-impact formats achieve 4 times the unaided brand recall compared to standard formats



After repeated contact with the advertisment

20%

of respondents still find high-impact advertising formats very appealing

IMPACT INCREASE-----

Standard formats require a doubling of advertising exposure to achieve similar results to high-impact formats



NPTIMI7ATION

Campaign goals can be reached faster and the budget can be used more efficiently



Optimization of campaign success through the use of high-impact formats with the same budget





GROUP INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT

DEVELOPMENT OF YOC GROUP IN THE FIRST NINE MONTHS OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2022

YOC AG is a technology company and develops software for the digital advertising market. With the help of our technology platform VIS.X® as well as via third-party platforms, we enable an optimized advertising experience for advertisers, publishers and internet users.

YOC AG is one of the pioneers of mobile advertising, the Company has been on the market since 2001 and has been listed in the Prime Standard of Frankfurt Stock Exchange since 2009. The Company's headquarters are located in Berlin. The Company also operates branches in Dusseldorf, Hamburg, Vienna and Warsaw.

In addition, YOC AG now also has a branch office in Zurich, Switzerland, following the acquisition of theINDUSTRY AG in January 2022. On 26 January 2022, YOC AG announced the wholly owned acquisition of the company shares of Zurich, Switzerland-based theINDUSTRY AG. With the completion of this acquisition, YOC AG is now represented in the complete DACH region (Germany, Austria and Switzerland). The integration into the YOC Group offers both companies the potential to generate faster and sustainable growth and to realise corresponding synergies.

The purchase price is divided into a fixed component and further variable performance-related components, which depend on the operating results of theINDUSTRY AG in the financial years 2022 to 2024. The resulting expected total purchase price of EUR 0.4 million to EUR 0.75 million will be fully financed from the current cash flow of YOC AG.

In the course of this transaction, YOC AG recognized assets in the amount of EUR 0.2 million and liabilities in the amount of EUR 0.4 million of theINDUSTRY AG in the consolidated financial statements in the first quarter of 2022. Furthermore, in March 2022, the company was renamed YOC Switzerland AG in accordance with commercial law.

In the first nine months of the current financial year 2022, YOC Group increased its **revenues** by around 29 % to EUR 15.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 11.7 million).

In this context, all of the Company's regional branches continued to develop positively with a significant increase in sales compared to the same period of the previous year. In the **national market**, revenues increased by 26 % compared to the same period of the previous year.

Revenues from **international business** activities increased by 32 % in the first nine months of 2022.

In particular, the Company's proprietary technology platform VIS.X® contributed to this development.

The VIS.X® platform enables full trading of YOC's advertising products and positions the Company as a provider of high-grade advertising technology (Ad Technology).

In parallel, the share of sales accounted for proprietary ad tech products continued to increase.

The gross profit margin of the Company was increased to a level of 45 % (9M/2021: 42 %).

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) improved by around EUR 0.6 million and thus amounted to EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

The result is a **consolidated profit** for the period of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million). In the previous year, the deconsolidation of YOC Spain S.L. made a positive contribution of EUR 0.2 million to the consolidated result for the period.

Adjusted for this effect, the company was able to further enhance its **profitability** in the current financial year 2022.

Consequently, this means a **net profit margin** of around 5 % as of September 2022.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUE TREND AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE

In the first nine months of 2022, the Group recorded **revenue growth** of around 29 % to EUR 15.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 11.7 million).

The introduction of the **VIS.X®** technology platform in the financial year 2018 supports the Company to sustainably position itself in the market for digital advertising and to differentiate itself from the competition.

At EUR 16.0 million, **total output** was significantly higher by EUR 3.6 million compared to the previous year (9M/2021: EUR 12.4 million).

GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

Due to the increased share of sales of the VIS.X® technology platform, the **gross profit margin** increased to 45 % in the reporting period (9M/2021: 42 %)

In the context of the development of the past years, which was characterized by an increasing focus on our technology as well as the YOC advertising product lines, the gross profit margin of the Company steadily improved.

The further increase in the gross profit margin represents an important factor for scaling and thus for the further positive development of the Company.

PERSONNEL EXPENSES AND DEVELOPMENT

In the current fiscal year 2022, YOC Group was able to retain top performers and recruit new qualified employees for key positions.

As of 30 September 2022, the YOC Group employed 71 employees (30 September 2021: 60 employees). The average number of employees of YOC Group was 63 (9M/2021: 57 employees). Part-time employees are converted to full-time employees. Trainees, interns and Executive Board members are not included in the calculation.

Personnel expenses in the reporting period amounted to EUR 4.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 3.3 million). EUR 0.4 million contributed to this development in the course of the first-time consolidation of YOC Switzerland AG (formerly theINDUSTRY AG) to the increase in personnel expenses by a total of EUR 0.7 million.

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

In the first nine months of the current fiscal year 2022, **other operating expenses** amounted to EUR 1.9 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

The main contributors to this development were the first-time consolidation of YOC Switzerland AG (formerly theINDUSTRY AG) and increased marketing expenses.

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) improved by around EUR 0.6 million and thus amounted to EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million) in the reporting period.

NET PROFIT CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The YOC Group recorded **scheduled depreciation** of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.6 million).

The **financial result** amounted to EUR -0.1 million (9M/2021: EUR -0.1 million).

Income taxes totaled EUR 0.2 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.1 million).

As the result, **net profit** amounted to EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.3 million).

NET PROFIT DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the same period of the previous year, the deconsolidation of the former subsidiary YOC Spain S.L. resulted in income of EUR 0.2 million (9M/2022: EUR 0.0 million).

CONSOLIDATED NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD OF THE YOC GROUP

The YOC Group ends with a **consolidated net profit** for the period of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

The company's **increase** in **profitability** thus continued in the current fiscal year 2022.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND NET ASSET POSITION

CASH-FLOW

As of the balance sheet date, the YOC Group's **cash and cash equivalents** amounted to EUR 0.5 million.

In addition, the Company has working capital lines with its principal banks totalling EUR 1.1 million at its disposal.

OPERATING CASH FLOW

Cash flow from operating activities is calculated using the indirect method. The starting point for the calculation is the consolidated net profit for the period of the current financial year in the amount of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

In the first nine months of 2022, the operating cash flow of YOC Group amounted to EUR 0.7 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million). In addition to earnings after tax, this resulted from the business-related change in working capital.

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The cash outflow from investing activities totaling EUR 1.3 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.8 million) primarily includes capitalizable internal development costs related to the further development of the Company's technological platforms and innovative

products in the amount of EUR 0.5 million and external development costs of a further EUR 0.3 million. In addition, EUR 0.4 million was attributable to the acquisition of theINDUSTRY AG, Zurich.

CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The **cash flow from financing activities** of EUR -0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR -0.5 million) results from repayments of leasing and loan liabilities.

SUMMARY STATEMENT ON THE EARNINGS, FINANCIAL AND ASSET SITUATION

The concentration of our activities on our VIS.X® trading platform and the further expansion of the platform and product range resulted in an increasing volume of business for the YOC Group.

As a result, YOC Group increased **revenues at Group level** by around 29 % in current financial year 2022 to EUR 15.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 11.7 million).

In parallel with this development, YOC Group increased its profitability in the first nine months of financial year 2022, generating operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) of EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

In total, the Group ended with a **consolidated net profit** of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

As a consequence of this corporate development, **Group's equity** was further increased and amounted to EUR 0.15 million as of 30 September 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR -0.6 million).

YOC Group's **total assets** decreased due to seasonal factors to EUR 8.9 million (31 December 2021: EUR 9.9 million).

OPPORTUNITIES, RISKS AND OUTLOOK

OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS

As an internationally oriented service provider, YOC Group operates in a dynamically developing market, which naturally entails company-specific, industry-specific and financial risks.

The main risks are market and competition risks, technological risks, liability risks, personnel risks, planning risks, organizational risks and financial and treasury risks.

These risks can result both from the company's own entrepreneurial activities and from external factors.

YOC Group has taken measures to identify and reduce such potential risks in good time.

For this purpose, an appropriate risk management system has been set up, in the context of which risks are recorded, assessed and continuously monitored at regular intervals by means of a company-wide risk inventory.

YOC Group's risk policy, as defined by the Management Board, continues to be an integral part of the company's corporate policy as part of its efforts to achieve sustainable growth, to increase the value of the company and to secure the company's continued existence in the long term.

To this end, the necessary risks are consciously taken, taking into account the risk-return ratio, in order to be able to take advantage of the market opportunities offered and to exploit the potential for success inherent therein.

Forward-looking risk controlling as part of the internal control system enables opportunities and risks to be identified and assessed at an early stage so that appropriate responses can be made in good time and efficient management ensured for the success of the company.

The measures to be taken as part of risk management are implemented in the operating units.

All further information on the corporate, industry-specific and financial risks of YOC Group and their management is provided in detail in the risk report of the group management report for financial year 2021, which is part of the audit by the auditor of the annual financial statements.

OUTLOOK

Internet usage is highly established in people's everyday life. The wide range of possibilities as well as the mass of content made available online is having an impact on the continuously increasing daily internet consumption of consumers.

In order to remain relevant to this target group, both publishers and advertisers must provide attractive information and entertainment offerings.

For publishers, this means not overwhelming their users with advertising and ideally even offering them added value with creative ad formats.

For advertisers, on the other hand, this means knowing their target group precisely and addressing them creatively. Against this background, the demand for creative and high-impact advertising formats takes on even greater relevance.

Rich media ad formats, i.e. those that allow the integration of diverse media such as video, audio or HTML5, generate higher interaction rates than standard banners and therefore lead to a higher and more positive brand awareness.¹⁾

For some years now, the Company has been positioning itself in this business area with its product lines as well as features and expects to participate in market growth by providing interactive and high-impact advertising formats in the programmatic environment.

According to YOC Group's assessment, the European market currently offers hardly any supply-side platforms that can meet the demand for mobile programmatic advertising in conjunction with high-impact advertising products.

Reservations arose from the concern of many advertisers that their ads could appear in negatively tainted environments. This shows all the more the relevance of brand safety premium environments for media providers and, above all, their transparency.

Since the launch of the VIS.X® technology platform in 2018, YOC not only offers high-impact advertising formats, but can now also trade and deliver them platform-based via programmatic sales channels.

By connecting numerous publishers and their inventory, YOC Group also covers the demand for brand safety, i.e. safe advertising environments and will thus participate in the further expansion of programmatic trading in Europe. The Management Board is focusing in particular on further increasing the programmatic platform business and thus implementing the defined corporate strategy. With its own VIS.X® technology platform, the Company gains a sustainable competitive advantage and independence from third-party providers through programmatic trading of proprietary high-impact advertising products.

The expectations for the fourth quarter of 2022 are positive. Compared to the previous year, it seems realistic to significantly increase both revenue and the operating result.

We assume that the impact of the Corona pandemic in Europe will be limited, even in light of the renewed increase in incidence since late summer 2022.

We do not expect a comparative slump or state of shock in the advertising industry, which occurred at the beginning of the pandemic in the first quarter of 2020, even if the pandemic continues. However, the sales forecast assumes the progress of a nationwide administration of vaccines or booster vaccinations and that no further lockdown measures will be necessary in the future in the core markets relevant for the YOC Group.

With the conflict in Ukraine, society and the economy are facing a completely new situation. So far, the future effects and the resulting consequences for economic development in Europe are not yet foreseeable.

Assuming that the military conflict in the context of the Ukraine crisis remains regionally limited to the territory of Ukraine, we assume that there will only be a minor impact on the sales and earnings development of YOC Group.

Ultimately, the significant increase in the inflation rate and the associated turnaround in interest rates in almost all European countries represent a renewed macroeconomic challenge, the effects of which are weighing on the economy as a whole.

In the course of the year to date, the YOC Group's business model has proved resilient to this development, but it is difficult for us to assess the impact on the quarters ahead at this point of time.

Overall, the YOC Group expects **revenues** to increase by 25 % to 30 % to EUR 23.5 million to EUR 24.5 million with a disproportionately low increase in expenses.

Based on this revenue forecast, the Management Board expects operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) to increase to EUR 3.5 million to EUR 4.0 million in financial year 2022.

As a consequence, **the consolidated net profit** for financial year 2022 is supposed to reach a level of EUR 2.3 million to EUR 2.8 million.

As a result, the **Group's equity** should be valued at EUR 1.7 million to EUR 2.2 million as of 31 December 2022.

In April 2022, YOC AG also concluded an agreement with Commerzbank AG for a credit line of EUR 1.0 million with a term until 30 June 2023. Thus, the company has sufficient liquidity at its disposal even in the event of a significant shortfall in the forecast period.

¹⁾ According to Nielsen/YOC (2020): The effectiveness of high-impact ad formats, [Online] https://insights.yoc.com/nielsen-brandawareness

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Q3/2022 (UNAUDITED)

All figures in EUR

Revenue
Own work capitalised
Other operating income
Total output
Cost of material
Personnel expenses
Other operating expenses
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
Depreciation and amortisation expenses
Earnings before interest and taxes
Financial expenses
Financial result
Earnings before taxes
Income taxes
Net income continuing operations
Net income discontinued operations
Net profit
CONSOLIDATED NET PROFIT

Q3/2022	Q3/202I
5.305.068	3.971.128
200.540	169.815
130.457	46.913
5.636.065	4.187.856
2.886.999	2.306.934
1.399.440	1.113.800
711.118	378.001
638.509	389.121
289.892	215.738
348.617	173.383
17.755	33.339
-17.755	-33.339
330.862	140.044
37.720	48.169
293.141	91.875
0	0
293.141	91.875
293.141	91.875

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share basic
Earnings per share diluted

0,03	0,08
0,03	0,08

EARNINGS PER SHARE CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Earnings per share basic	
Earnings per share diluted	

0,03	0,08
0,03	0,08

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Net income
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified through
profit or loss in subsequent periods:
Unrealised gains/losses from foreign currency translation
Total other comprehensive income
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

293.141	91.875
-3.660	6.553
-3.660	6.553
289.481	98.429

When using rounded amounts and key figures, differences may occur due to commercial rounding.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 9M/2022 (UNAUDITED)

All figures in EUR

	Revenue
	Own work capitalised
	Other operating income
То	tal output
	Cost of material
	Personnel expenses
	Other operating expenses
Eai	rnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses
Eai	rnings before interest and taxes
	Financial expenses
	Financial result
Eai	rnings before taxes
	Income taxes
Ne	et profit continuing operations
	Net income discontinued operations
Ne	et profit
CC	DNSOLIDATED NET PROFIT

9M/2022	9M/2021
15.014.833	11.667.949
464.435	469.091
470.695	292.075
15.949.963	12.429.115
8.287.639	6.797.405
3.965.988	3.311.620
1.875.649	1.150.694
1.820.687	1.169.396
799.747	600.351
1.020.940	569.044
67.907	124.847
-67.907	-124.847
953.033	444.197
177.729	124.333
775.304	319.865
0	213.475
775.304	533.340
775.304	533.340

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share non-diluted	
Earnings per share diluted	

0,22	0,16
0,22	0,15

EARNINGS PER SHARE CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Earnings per share non-diluted	
Earnings per share diluted	

0,22	0,10
0,22	0,09

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Consolidated net profit
Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified through
profit or loss in subsequent periods:
Unrealised gains/losses from foreign currency translation
Total other comprehensive income
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

775.304	533.340
-7.292	2.894
-7.292	2.894
768.012	536.233

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022 (UNAUDITED)

All figures in EUR

ASSETS

lon-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	
Goodwill	
Intangible assets	
Rights of use from leasing	
Deferred tax assets	
Current assets	
Trade receivables	
Other financial receivables	
Cash and cash equivalents	
otal assets	

30/09/2022 31/12/2021

3.906.830	2.927.846
164.740	134.163
691.253	0
2.131.474	1.856.126
659.959	678.153
259.404	259.404
5.023.154	7.016.097
4.366.198	5.059.230
183.105	164.029
473.852	1.792.839
8.929.985	9.943.943

EOUITY AND LIABILITIES

Equity	
Subscribed capital	
Additional paid in cap	pital
Accumulated losses	
Other comprehensive	income from currency translation differences
Non-current liabilities	
Provisions	
Leasing liabilities	
Other financial liabiliti	
Liabilities to credit ins	
Tax liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Prepayments received	d
Trade payables	
Liabilities to credit ins	
Other liabilities	
Other financial liabiliti	
Leasing liabilities	
Tax liabilities	
Provisions	

146.580	-621.432
3.476.478	3.476.478
22.053.357	22.053.357
-25.383.777	-26.159.080
521	7.813
1.205.227	843.490
73.105	73.276
422.523	533.545
139.971	0
166.130	0
403.498	236.669
7.578.178	9.721.885
77.366	25.957
2.244.567	2.887.321
35.690	0
485.112	991.372
2.473.432	5.300.310
319.900	234.699
0	282.225
1.942.111	0
8.929.985	9.943.943

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 9M/2022 (UNAUDITED)

All figures in EUR

Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Net profit discontinued operations	
Interest recognised in the income statement Other non-cash income and expenses Result from deconsolidations Cash-Earnings Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities	Depreciation and amortisation	
Other non-cash income and expenses Result from deconsolidations Cash-Earnings Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Ret increase / decrease	Taxes recognised in the income statemen	t
Result from deconsolidations Cash-Earnings Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Interest recognised in the income stateme	ent
Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Ret increase / decrease	Other non-cash income and expenses	
Changes in receivables and other financial receivables Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Ret increase / decrease	Result from deconsolidations	
Changes in liabilities, prepayments and other liabilities Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Cash-Earnings	
Changes in provisions Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Changes in receivables and other financia	ıl receivables
Interest paid Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Changes in liabilities, prepayments and o	cher liabilities
Interest paid leasing Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Changes in provisions	
Income taxes paid Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Interest paid	
Cash flow from operating activities Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Interest paid leasing	
Investments in acquisitions Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Income taxes paid	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Cash flow from operating activities	
Purchase of intangible assets Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Investments in acquisitions	
Outflow from development costs Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Purchase of property, plant and equipme	nt
Disposal of assets Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Purchase of intangible assets	
Cash flow from investing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Outflow from development costs	
Repayment of lease liabilities Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Disposal of assets	
Loan repayment Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Cash flow from investing activities	
Drawdown of working capital line Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Repayment of lease liabilities	
Repayment of working capital line Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Loan repayment	
Cash flow from financing activities Net increase / decrease	Drawdown of working capital line	
Net increase / decrease	Repayment of working capital line	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cash flow from financing activities	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	Net increase / decrease	
at the beginning of the period	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginnin	g of the period
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		

9M/2022	9M/2021
775.304	319.865
0	213.475
799.747	600.351
177.729	124.333
67.907	124.847
-529.354	242.194
0	-213.475
1.291.332	1.411.590
673.956	915.140
-2.817.355	-3.258.924
1.941.941	1.536.901
-40.772	-98.580
-35.996	-33.462
-277.912	0
735.193	472.665
-388.808	0
-57.918	-61.610
-64.519	-108.587
-746.578	-645.579
1.155	340
-1.256.669	-815.435
	175.010
-270.744	-175.013
-270.744 -526.768	-175.013
-526.768	-275.000
-526.768 462.184	-275.000
-526.768 462.184 -462.184	-275.000 0 0
-526.768 462.184 -462.184 -797.512	-275.000 0 0 - 450.013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2022 (UNAUDITED)

All figures in EUR

а	s of 01/01/2021
	Net profit
	Currency translation
	differences
	Comprehensive income
	Exercise YOC convertible bond 2018-2022
	s of 30/09/2021

"	OWN		ACCUMULATED Losses		SUBSCRIBED Capital
-4.014.807	-50.319	5.617	-28.224.307	20.961.224	3.292.978
0 533.340	0	0	533.340	0	0
0 2.894	0	2.894	0	0	0
0 536.233	0	2.894	533.340	0	0
9 1.325.952	50.319	0	0	1.092.133	183.500
-2.152.622		8.510	-27.690.967	22.053.357	3.476.478

as of 01/01/2022	
Net profit	
Currency translation	-
differences	
Comprehensive income	
as of 30/09/2022	

SUBSCRIBED Capital		ACCUMULATED		OWN	TOTAL
3.476.478	22.053.357	-26.159.080	7.813	0	-621.432
0	0	775.304	0	0	775.304
0	0	0	-7.292	0	-7.292
0	0	775.304	-7.292	0	768.012
3.476.478	22.053.357	-25.383.777	521	0	146.580

Where rounded figures are used, differences may occur due to commercial rounding.

> No shares are held by non-controlling shareholders.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

YOC AG is a company based in Berlin, Greifs-walder Straße 212, Germany and operates as an international provider of digital advertising technology.

YOC AG is listed in the Prime Standard of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the identification number WKN: 593273 / ISIN: DE0005932735.

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial report as of 30 September 2022 of YOC AG complies with the requirements of the Securities Trading Act. The interim consolidated financial statements were prepared as condensed financial statements pursuant to IAS 34 and comply with Section 315a of the German Commercial Code (HGB) in accordance with the rules of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as adopted by the European Union and valid on the reporting date as well as the interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) approved by the IASB.

The condensed and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of YOC AG do not contain all the required disclosures and information as presented in the context of full consolidated financial statements for the financial year.

It is therefore recommended that the interim report is being used together with the consolidated financial statements for the financial year 2021.

Standards and interpretations required to be applied in the current fiscal year 2022

In the current fiscal year 2022, all standards whose application is mandatory as of 01 January 2022 have been observed.

Published standards and interpretations whose application is not yet mandatory

The following standards are not yet mandatory, as their adoption by the EU into European law has not yet been implemented.

STANDARD EFFECTIVE DATE		EXPECTED EFFECTS
IAS 8	01 January 2023	insignificant
IAS 1	01 January 2023	insignificant
IAS 1	01 January 2023	insignificant
IAS 12	01 January 2023	insignificant
IFRS 17	01 January 2023	none

The Management Board of YOC AG assumes that the standards and interpretations listed will be applied in the consolidated financial statements of the financial year in which their application is mandatory, if appropriate.

CONSOLIDATION PRINCIPLES

The consolidated financial statements include those companies which YOC AG controls.

Control of an investee is considered to exist when the Group is exposed, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and is able to apply its power of disposition over the affiliated company to affect those yields.

The inclusion of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements begins from the date on which YOC AG achieves control over the subsidiary. It ends at the time at which control of the subsidiary is lost.

The separate financial statements of the consolidated companies are prepared as of the reporting date of the consolidated financial statements.

All intercompany earnings and expenses as well as assets, liabilities and equity capital are eliminated in full.

CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES

On 26 January 2022, YOC AG acquired one hundred percent of the shares of YOC Switzerland AG (former theINDUSTRY AG), which is based in Zurich, Switzerland. For reasons of materiality, the company was consolidated in the consolidated financial statements of YOC AG as of 01 February 2022.

The scope of consolidation of YOC Group now comprises the following five companies:

	LLY CONSOLIDATED Mpanies	SHARE In %	HELD Through No.	BEGINNING Since
1.	YOC AG, Berlin, Germany	-	-	-
2.	YOC Germany, Berlin, Germany	100%	1	11/03/2009
3.	YOC Central Eastern Europe GmbH, Vienna, Austria	100 %	1	01/06/2009
4.	YOC Poland Sp. Z o. o., Warsaw, Poland	100 %	1	08/02/2019
5.	YOC Switzerland AG, Zurich, Switzerland	100 %	1	01/02/2022

GENERAL ACCOUNTING AND VALUATION PRINCIPLES

YOC AG acts as the parent company of the Group and directly holds one hundred percent of the shares in all subsidiaries of the YOC Group.

The financial year for all group companies correspond to the calendar year.

The interim consolidated financial statements are prepared on the assumption that the company will continue as a going concern.

The consolidated statement of financial position is structured in accordance with IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" using the current/non-current distinction.

The balance sheet items are therefore divided into non-current and current assets and liabilities.

Assets and liabilities are generally classified as current if they have a remaining term to maturity or a linger duration in the ordinary course of business of less than one year.

Accordingly, assets and liabilities are classified as non-current if they remain in the company for more than one year.

The annual financial statements of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements are based on uniform accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in euros.

Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are stated in million euro for the sake of clarity and comparability.

Due to commercial rounding of individual items and percentages, minor rounding differences may occur.

The statement of comprehensive income is presented in two separate statements, the income statement prepared using the nature of expense method and the statement of comprehensive income.

EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) improved by around EUR 0.6 million in the first nine months of 2022 and thus amounted to EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

Thus, the Company's **increase in profitability** continued in the current financial year 2022.

NET PROFIT CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The YOC Group recorded **scheduled depreciation** of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.6 million).

The financial result amounted to EUR -0.1 million (9M/2021: EUR -0.1 million).

Income taxes totaled EUR 0.2 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.1 million).

As the result, **net profit** amounted to EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

NET PROFIT DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the same period of the previous year, the deconsolidation of the former subsidiary YOC Spain S.L. resulted in income of EUR 0.2 million (9M/2022: EUR 0.0 million).

CONSOLIDATED NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD OF THE YOC GROUP

The YOC Group ends the first nine months of 2022 with a **consolidated net profit** for the period of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting is based on the internal management structure and the corresponding reporting.

Accordingly, in addition to the **Corporate Functions**, the Group is divided into the following reportable regional operating segments:

National

International

For the purpose of forming the above reportable operating segments, the regions Austria, Switzerland and Poland are combined in the International segment, as they have comparable economic characteristics and are also comparable in terms of their products, services, customers, processes, structures and sales methods.

Revenues are determined on the basis of the sales generated by the national companies in the respective countries. Intra-segment revenues are predominantly outsourced sales. Intersegment sales within the respective segments are eliminated accordingly.

The Corporate Functions segment includes income and expenses that are incurred in the parent company and cannot be directly allocated to any operating segment. Intercompany sales include the recharging of costs based on the function as a holding company to its subsidiaries for the use of the VIS.X® technology platform and other operating services.

In accordance with IFRS 8.34, a single customer with a share of revenue of more than 10% contributed to consolidated revenue in the current financial year 2022.

This customer is a purchasing platform connected to the company's own technology platform VIS.X®. This customer is not directly attributable to any segment of the YOC Group.

The percentage of revenue and the share of trade receivables are as follows:

	Revenue of YOC Group with the customer (previous year)	YOC Group's receivable from the customer (previous year)
Customer A	14 % (19 %)	11 % (15 %)
Customer B	8 % (12 %)	13 % (14 %)

In the first nine months of 2022, the Group recorded **revenue** growth of around 29 % to EUR 15.0 million (9M/2021: EUR 11.7 million).

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) improved by around EUR 0.6 million and thus amounted to EUR 1.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.2 million).

In the **national segment, revenue** amounted to EUR 8.6 million (9M/2021: EUR 6.8 million). **Operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)** amounted to EUR 2.4 million (9M/2021: EUR 1.5 million).

Revenue from international operations increased by 32 % to EUR 6.5 million (9M/2021: EUR 4.9 million). As a result, the segment contributed operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) to the consolidated net profit for the period of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.7 million).

Operating earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) can be reconciled with earnings after taxes as follows:

RECONCILIATION (IN KEUR)	9M/2022	9M/202I
EBITDA	1,821	1,169
Depreciation and Amortisation	800	600
Financial Result	-68	-125
Net Profit before Taxes	953	444
Taxes	178	124
Net Profit Continuing Operations	775	320
Net Profit Discontinued Operations	0	213
CONSOLIDATED NET PROFIT	775	533

As of 30 September 2022, trade receivables amounted to EUR 1.5 million in the national region (previous year: EUR 1.0 million) and EUR 1.1 million (previous year: EUR 0.8 million) in the international region and EUR 1.8 million (previous year: EUR 1.4 million) in Corporate Functions.

In addition, **trade accounts payable** in the **national region** amounted to EUR 1.3 million (previous year: EUR 1.1 million), **internationally** to EUR 0.6 million (previous year: EUR 0.4 million) and in the **Corporate Functions** to EUR 0.3 million (previous year: EUR 0.4 million).

YOC GROUP INTERIM REPORT THIRD QUARTER 2022

The following table shows the results of the individual segments. In accordance with the internal reporting structure, earnings before **interest**, **taxes**, **depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)** is used as the measure of earnings.

SEGMENT REPORTING (in keur)	NATIONAL	INTERNATIONAL	CORPORATE Functions	CONSOLIDATION	YOC GROUP
01/01/2022 - 30/09/2022					
External revenue	8.561	6.454	0	0	15.015
Internal revenue	142	14	1.068	-1.224	0
Total revenue	8.703	6.468	1.068	-1.224	15.015
Own work capitalised	0	0	464	0	464
Other operating income	291	122	811	-754	471
Total output	8.995	6.590	2.344	-1.978	15.950
Cost of material	4.931	3.505	1.067	-1.215	8.288
Personnel expenses	983	1.333	1.650	0	3.966
Other operating expenses	721	945	964	-755	1.876
EBITDA	2.361	806	-1.338	-8	1.821

SEGMENT REPORTING (in keur)	NATIONAL	INTERNATIONAL	CORPORATE Functions		YOC GROUP
01/01/2021 - 30/09/2021					
External revenue	6.792	4.876	0	0	11.668
Internal revenue	72	5	1.608	-1.685	0
Total revenue	6.864	4.881	1.608	-1.685	11.668
Own work capitalised	0	0	469	0	469
Other operating income	192	30	629	-559	292
Total output	7.056	4.911	2.706	-2.244	12.429
Cost of material	4.034	2.842	1.307	-1.385	6.797
Personnel expenses	1.012	671	1.628	0	3.312
Other operating expenses	563	678	769	-859	1.151
EBITDA	1.447	720	-998	0	1.169

EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

OTHER DISCLOSURES TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents,

trade receivables, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities approximate their fair values mainly due to the short maturities of these instruments.

For reasons of materiality, the fair value of these short-term balance sheet items is equated with their carrying amount.

The following table shows the carrying amounts, fair values and categorisation in accordance with IFRS 9.

30/09/2022	CARRYING	AT AMORTIZED
(IN KEUR)	AMOUNT	VALUE
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	474	474
Trade receivables	4.366	4.366
Other financial assets	183	183
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
thereof long-term		
Liabilities from leasing	423	423
Liabilities to credit institutions	166	166
Other financial liabilities	140	140
Fixed rate borrowing	0	C
YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022	0	(
thereof short-term		
Trade payables	2.245	2.245
Liabilities from leasing	320	320
Liabilities to credit institutions	36	36
l		200
Fixed rate borrowing	200	200
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities	2.273	2.273
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021	CARRYING	2.273 AT AMORTIZED
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR)	2.273	2.273 AT AMORTIZED
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS	CARRYING AMOUNT	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	CARRYING AMOUNT	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963	AT AMORTIZED Value 78 2.963
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	CARRYING AMOUNT	AT AMORTIZED Value 78 2.963
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963	AT AMORTIZED Value 78 2.963
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130	AT AMORTIZED Value 78 2.963 130
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130	78 2.273 78 2.963 130
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 0 180	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022 thereof short-term	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022 thereof short-term Trade payables	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 1.845	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 1.845
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022 thereof short-term Trade payables Liabilities from leasing	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 1.845 189	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 1.865 0 1.845 189
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022 thereof short-term Trade payables Liabilities from leasing Liabilities from leasing	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 180 0 1.845 189 31	2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0.0 0.0 180 0.1845 1888 31
Fixed rate borrowing Other financial liabilities 30/09/2021 (IN KEUR) FINANCIAL ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade receivables Other financial assets FINANCIAL LIABILITIES thereof long-term Liabilities from leasing Liabilities to credit institutions Other financial liabilities Fixed rate borrowing YOC Convertible Bond 2018 - 2022 thereof short-term Trade payables Liabilities from leasing	CARRYING AMOUNT 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 1.845 189	200 2.273 AT AMORTIZED VALUE 78 2.963 130 489 0 0 180 0 1.845 189 31 700 1.741

EXPLANATION OF THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

OPERATING CASH FLOW

Cash flow from operating activities is calculated using the indirect method. The starting point for the calculation is the consolidated net profit for the period of the current financial year in the amount of EUR 0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million).

In the first nine months of 2022 the operating cash flow of YOC Group amounted to EUR 0.7 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.5 million). In addition to earnings after tax, this resulted from the business-related change in working capital.

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The cash outflow from investing activities totaling EUR 1.3 million (9M/2021: EUR 0.8 million) primarily includes capitalizable internal development costs related to the further development of the Company's technological platforms and innovative products in the amount of EUR 0.5 million and external development costs of a further EUR 0.3 million.

In addition, EUR 0.4 million was attributable to the acquisition of the new subsidiary theINDUSTRY AG, Zurich.

CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The **cash flow from financing activities** of EUR -0.8 million (9M/2021: EUR -0.5 million) results from repayments of leasing and loan liabilities.

CASH FUNDS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise all bank and cash balances and amounted to EUR 0.5 million as of 30 September 2022.

In addition, the Company is disposing of working capital lines with its principal banks totaling EUR 1.1 million.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

CONTINGENCIES, WARRANTIES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND SIMILAR MATTERS

An exercise of 20,000 virtual stock options are linked to a takeover offer for the shares of YOC AG pursuant to Sections 29, 35 WpÜG with an indefinite term.

The strike price at the grant date on 01 October 2014 was EUR 1.92. These virtual stock options are vested.

In addition, the service contract of the Management Board member Dirk-Hilmar Kraus, which was renewed in March 2020 and runs until 31 March 2023, includes a one-time performance-related payment subject to the condition of a change of control following a takeover bid. The performance-related compensation, which is staggered according to the share price at the time of the transaction, amounts to a maximum of 1.5 % of the transaction volume.

No resulting liabilities were recognized at the reporting date. There are no other contingent liabilities, warranties, contingent liabilities or similar.

EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION REPORTING DATE

No events with a significant impact on the net assets, financial position and results of operations occurred after the balance sheet date.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

YOC Group is exposed to default, liquidity and market risks in the course of its ordinary business activities. The Management Board is informed about the development of YOC Group's equity through regular reporting of key figures such as sales development, gross profit margin or EBITDA. In addition, regular monitoring of liquidity risks takes place in order to analyze cash flow fluctuations and to identify liquidity bottlenecks in good time and take countermeasures.

Financial risk management is operated by a central treasury department under the supervision of the Management Board. Liquidity management supports the Management Board in monitoring measures to safeguard liquidity by monitoring business developments and cash flow fluctuations.

DEFAULT RISK

Default risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to meet its obligations under a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amounts of financial assets and receivables and the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents. Credit risks result from trade receivables.

A concentration of risk arises due to the increasingly growing share of programmatic trading and the resulting rise in the average payment terms of the individual trading platforms. The risk of bad debts is countered by stringent accounts receivable management, which focuses on monitoring the age structure of receivables and managing doubtful debts. In the past three financial years, neither YOC AG nor its subsidiaries have had any significant defaults on receivables from customers.

LIQUIDITY RISK

YOC Group has established a dedicated treasury function to plan and monitor cash flows. Liquidity management supports the Management Board in monitoring measures to secure liquidity by monitoring business development and cash flow fluctuations.

The management is carried out, among other things, by means of key figures (for example, equity and debt ratios, working capital, etc.), which provide information about the capital structure of the Company.

As of 30 September 2022, YOC Group has a liquidity balance of EUR 0.5 million. In April 2022, YOC AG concluded an agreement with Commerzbank AG for a working capital line of EUR 1.0 million with a term until 30 June 2023.

This means that YOC Group disposes of sufficient liquidity even in the event of a significant budget shortfall in the forecast period.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks.

INTEREST RATE RISK

An increase in the three-month EURIBOR by two percentage points would have an impact on the financial result, as a working capital line of EUR 1.0 million is linked to the EURIBOR development. The financial result would therefore change by up to kEUR 20.

CURRENCY RISK

The Group operates internationally and is exposed in particular to foreign currency risk. The currency risks arise from future business transactions and asset and liability items denominated in foreign currencies

Such items are denominated in US Dollars in particular. As part of the management of the exchange rate risk against the US Dollar, YOC Group is considering hedging these risks in the future by means of forward exchange contracts.

OTHER PRICE RISK

Apart from the financial risks that may arise from changes in exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates, YOC Group is not exposed to any significant price risks as of the balance sheet date.

OTHER RISKS IN REGARDS OF THE CORONA PANDEMIC

We do not expect a comparative slump or state of shock in the advertising industry, which occurred at the beginning of the pandemic in the first quarter of 2020, even if the pandemic continues.

However, the sales forecast assumes the progress of a nationwide administration of vaccines or booster vaccinations and that no further lockdown measures will be necessary in the future in the core markets relevant for the YOC Group.

OTHER RISKS IN REGARDS TO THE CONFLICT IN UKRAINE

With the conflict in Ukraine, society and the economy are facing a completely new situation.

So far, the future effects and the resulting consequences for economic development in Europe are not yet foreseeable.

Assuming that the military conflict in the context of the Ukraine crisis remains regionally limited to the territory of Ukraine, we assume that there will only be a minor impact on the sales and earnings development of YOC Group.

OTHER RISKS IN CONNECTION WITH MACROECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS

The significant increase in the inflation rate and the associated turnaround in interest rates in almost all European countries represents a renewed macroeconomic challenge, the effects of which are weighing on the economy as a whole.

In the course of the year to date, YOC Group's business model has proven resilient to this development, but it is difficult for us to assess the impact on the quarters ahead at this point in time.

DISCLOSURES ON RELATIONSHIPS WITH RELATED COMPANIES AND PERSONS

Related parties within the meaning of IAS 24 are generally members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board of YOC AG and their family members as well as companies controlled by these persons.

In addition, persons in key positions and their close family members in accordance with IAS 24.9 are considered related parties.

The Management Board, Mr Dirk-Hilmar Kraus, provided YOC AG with a loan in the amount of TEUR 200 in financial year 2020.

This bears interest at 7% p.a. and was repaid in accordance with the contract in October 2022.

There were no other significant business transactions with related parties in the reporting period.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY WITH THE GERMAN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The annual declaration of compliance with the German Corporate Governance Code pursuant to Section 161 of the German Stock Corporation Act (AktG) was issued by the Management Board and the Supervisory Board in February 2022 and made permanently available to the shareholders of YOC AG on the website www.yoc.com in the section "Investor Relations".

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY BY THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

I assure, to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with the applicable reporting principles for interim financial reporting, the interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Group, and the interim management report of the Group includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group, together with a description of the principal opportunities and risks associated with the expected development of the Group for the remaining months of the financial year 2022.

Chish H/ lanny

Berlin, 16 November 2022

Dirk-Hilmar Kraus

The Management Board

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